

Ministry of Education and Science Republic of Latvia

Latvian Anticipation of Horizon Europe Programme and Previous Results in the Framework Programme

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Key Facts About Research in Latvia

Smart Specialisation areas



Knowledge intensive bio-economy

Biomedicine, medical technologies and biotechnology

Smart materials, technology and engineering

Advanced ICT

Smart Energy



In 2019, **195 million EUR** was invested in R&D – 0.64% GDP **25 %** of companies are active in innovations



Research environment **64 research institutions** (22 state funded research institutions)

12 500 research personnel (5900 in FTE), 15 % work in the industry (2019)





Where are we now?



Governance & organization

Focus on larger, more impactful research groups More time is needed for stabilization of mergers, blending cultures and organizational functionality

Strategic communication to and dialogue with society

Unbalanced funding allocation and distribution

Closed and self-survival centered mindset in HE institutions

Engagement, influence, impact

Relatively weak links with industry Target indicators and KPI's are still rather formal

R&D systems are still passive and re-active in steering socio-economical impact

Insufficient integrity of academic and scientific career



Average performance: islands of excellence

Human capital renewal is hindered by inefficient career system and PhD training

Despite gradual improvements, LV still has closed research system

Weak international and intersectoral cooperation

Personal effectiveness

Great performance and productivity in context of R&D investments

High degree of uncertainty that impairs motivation

Unsupportive environment for dedicated personal growth



Main policy priorities in R&D for 2021-2027



Supporting the **mobility of researchers** has a direct impact on an increase of international collaboration & science excellence



Structural changes for smart growth

Currently too large focus on shortterm activities with less priority on structural changes and investments in development activities.

It is urgent to introduce reforms which will foster modernization of higher education system and necessity for governing councils.

Councils will be responsible for strategic development plans, budgeting and appointment of the rector and the management team.

New HEI's internal governance model

| New academic career model (cooperation with EC&WB, 2020-2022) | New doctoral training framework | Upgraded funding model |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cyclical ins | Consolidation | |
| assessment of | and mergers | |



New HEI's internal governance model: Empowering external stakeholders in strategic decision making





R&D Human Capital: Renewal is critical for further development

Doctoral degrees obtained per 10 000 population (2018)



Correlation between doctoral degrees obtained and the number of research personnel (2017)



Currently - high drop-out rate in doctoral studies and an insufficient number of doctoral degree holders to ensure the renewal of scientists



H2020 impact on Latvian R&I system

| | FP 5 (1999- 2002) | FP 6 (2002- 2006) | FP 7 (2007-2013) | Horizon 2020 (2014- 2020)* | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Total project proposals | 667 | 1027 | 1127 | 2809 | Latvia in H2020 achieved more funding than in other 3 previous framework programmes combined – 114 million euros |
| Total project participation proposals | 776 | 1206 | 1424 | 3427 | |
| Supported projects | 178 | 217 | 240 | 411 | |
| Participations in supported projects | 204 | 258 | 337 | 511 | |
| Coordinated projects | 2 | 11 | 30 | 49 | |
| Success rate | 26.7 % | 21.1 % | 21.3 % | 14.5% | |
| Total EC funding (million EUR) | 14.6 | 21.6 | 49.04 | 114.2 | |

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H2020 impact on Latvian R&I system

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H2020

Latvian H2020 funding by year - % of total budget 35,0 18,0% 16,4% 16,0% 30,0 13,3% 14,0% million euros 25,0 12,0% B 7,7% total 10,0% 7,4% 20,0 - 600 funding 15,0 10,0 8,0% 6,5% 4,5% 29,6 24,7 6,0% 18,1 4,0% 14,5 10,7 5,0 10,5 2,0% 6,8 0,0 0,0% 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

H2020 results had progress between 2014 -2020

H2020 is ~ 10 % of total Latvian R&D funding.

H2020 role in Latvian R&D system is 2nd highest within EU countries (only behind Cyprus)

Noticable fluctuation by year – because of large projects (e.g. Teaming)



Increased integration and Value Thron Collaboration with international partners







European Space Agency



BACHELOR OF IT LEADERSH







Participation in international consortiums, projects and other activities



Intensive H2020 participation



Changing patterns of international collaboration

Latvian co-publications with foreign partners in the SCOPUS database during the period from 2015-2018



- Overall research output growth corresponds with a larger global collaboration network.
- H2020 accelerated spatial collaboration shift away from former USSR towards Europe (and especially Western Europe)



Progress in Open Science

Open access publications as % of total research output (SCOPUS)



- Open Access publications has increased in recent years (half of total resarch output)
- Open Science strategy for 2021-2027 is currently being developed with emphasis on successful participation in European Open Science Cloud activities



H2020 results by thematic objective

Total for H2020

Latvia



H2020 results differ in Latvia for the programme structure

participate in Excellent Science

Limited capacity to fully

- Cross-Theme
- Excellent Science
- Industrial Leadership
- Societal Challenges
- Spreading Excellence & Widening Participation
- Science With And For Society
- Euroatom

Industrial leadership and Societal challenges – 60 % of Latvian results with considerable variation between different themes

Widening part – one of main pillars of Latvian results, despite small overall role in H2020



Research excellence – Value T challange for Latvia together with EU-13

Average yearly awarded ERC advanced grants between 2008-2018 per 10 000 research workers (in FTE)



- Latvia has excellence islands, but still lags behind in excellence based R&D activities (e.g. in H2020 ERC grants).
- Research excellence is one of our main policy priorities and our R&D investment programs will foster the necessary capacity development.
- This gap can be reduced by a significant policy shift towards increasing our R&D excellence.



Research quality challanges



- Research average quality has slow cohesion with average EU performance
- Defined among priority targets in 2021-2027

Leadership in enabling and industrial technologies (LEIT)

Latvian H2020 results in LEIT theme – 16 million euros



- Information and Communication Technologies
- Advanced materials
- Advanced manufacturing and processing
- Nanotechnologies, Advanced Materials and Production
- Space

Biotechnology

 In industrial leadership theme – 69 % of all funding is in ICT

researchLatvia^{*}

Value Through Knowledge

 Best results for: TILDE SIA, University of Latvia, Institute of Electronics and Computer Science, Riga Technical University, LETA SIA



Latvian business sector success in H2020



- Business sector success rate in H2020 reflects business R&D role in Latvia (10 % of total BERD from H2020)
- 2020 was exceptional with almost as many projects as in previous years



Latvian investment development agency - RIS3 innovation ecosystems







Innovation in SME's

Innovation for SME's - 2,7 MEUR

- Overall decent results, thanks to • one 2nd stage project
- Low success rate out of 254 eligible • projects only 17 % above treshold and 4 % funded.
- Success rate increase heavily linked with number of proposals each individual SME's submits

SIA LIGHTSPACE TECHNOLOGIES Other SME's





Latvian H2020 results in Societal Challenges – 37 million euros



- Balanced results with 2/3 in energy, food and agriculture and health
- Best results for: SEDA, Riga Technical University, Baltic Studies Centre, Riga Stradins University, University of Latvia, Institute of Organic Synthesis



Spreading excellence and widening participation



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National R&D targets for Horizon Europe

- National target is for Latvia to receive
 0.2 % of total Horizon Europe funding.
- This level is a slight increase of H2020 and is similar our GDP share within Europe.
- Currently overall R&D expenditure lags behind and for 2021-2027 Latvia needs to increase:
 - Government R&D investment
 - Business R&D investment and capacity

H2020 results and Horizon Europe projections as % of European Union total





National R&D programmes and their links with Horizon Europe

| | Covernment programmes |
|--|---|
| EXCELLENT SCIENCE GLOBAL CHALLENGES & EUROPEAN INDUSTRIAL COMPETITIVENESS INNOVATIVE EUROPE WIDENING PARTICIPATION AND STRENGTHENING THE EUROPEAN RESEARCH AREA | Government programmes Basic research funding Fundamental and Applied research grants State Research programmes Market oriented research grants EU Funds Practical oriented research grants Ris3 centers of excellence Post-doctoral research grants Research governance support Research governance support Research governance and excellence Open Science support Digital High Tech skills |
| | |



Next steps for succesful Latvian participation in Horizon Europe



Timely development of 2021-2027 R&D investment programmes



Adjusted national legistlation regarding Horizon Europe



Public funding increase, based on national targets (0.4 % government R&D funding from GDP)



Participation if European Partnerships based on national priorities and available funding



Intensified business R&D investment (from 0.2 % now to 0.6 % of GDP)

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Reforms in higher education and research governance and strengtened R&I analytical capacity and National Contact Points





Value Through Knowledge